Republic Terms

Also see the glossary in the back of your book.

title

the Republic:

Res Publica (Latin), public thing, government [translation of]

Politea (Greek), government [a word coming from polis, city]

general key terms

reason: logos, word, capacity for rational thought

justice: dikaiosune, ethical rightness

virtue: arete, excellence

do better: pleonektein; connected to pleonexia: wanting more, wanting what is not one's own,

the chief cause of injustice

physical training: *gymnastike*, including dance and training in warfare

musical training: *mousike*, including poetry and stories

daimon: daimon, a god or a child of both a god and a mortal

central philosophical ideas

the things that are: ta onta, ultimate ideals which stably and eternally are a certain way (just, true, good, beautiful, etc.), and thus are more real than things which change and cease to exist (a just society, a true story, a good apple, a beautiful table, etc.)

the good: to agathon, ultimate ideal goodness, the source of everything good

parts of the soul

rationally calculating element: *logistikon*, part that loves truth and learning (from *logos*, reason)

spirited element: *thumoeides*, part that prompts someone to fight, to be angry, and to love honor (from *thumos*, the word translated "fighting spirit" in the *Iliad*)

appetitive element: epithumetikon, part that has appetites and desires (e.g., for food)

political constitutions

aristocracy: aristokratia, "best-cracy," rule by the best people

timocracy: timokratia, "honor-cracy," rule by people who love honor (& war)

oligarchy: oligarkhia, "few-archy," rule by a few (rich) people

democracy: demokratia, "common people-cracy," rule by the common people

tyranny: tyrannia, "tyrant-y," rule by a tyrant